CRITICAL ANALYTICAL RESPONSE TO LITERATURE: PARAGRAPH WRITING STRUCTURE

GUIDING Questions		PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE		CONSIDERATIONS
Mat does it say?	SAY?		₽ —PULL YOUR READERS IN	
		INTRODUCTORY PARAGRAPH	(Utilize a metaphor, rhetorical question, anecdote, shock statement, or fact)	THESIS STATEMENT FORMULA:
	Mean?		O—OUTLINE THE TOPIC	
			(Introduce topic or theme; provided by instructions or self-created)	In the GENRE, TITLE, AUTHOR
			■ —Introduce the Text	develops the idea that <u>TOPIC</u> .
			(Provide a concise plot summary of the text to be analyzed; introduce relevant characters who will be discussed throughout the response)	
	MATTER?		N—Narrow Your Focus	PARAGRAPH #2, to / consequently
			(Select character of focus and plot their narrative arch in connection to the theme)	Paragraph #3.
			\mathbf{T} —Thesis Statement \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow	
Mat does it mean?	Say?	BODY PARAGRAPH(S)	■Variable (Paragraph-Driving Theme Word Established in the Thesis)	
			(Establish the element, feature, or factor that is liable to vary or change for the main character; dependent on which paragraph in the essay is being produced)	
			E—Explain Variable (in Relation to Transition of Character)	
			(Connect the topic / issue to the text; transition into providing concrete evidence)	
	Mean?		C—CONTEXT, EVIDENCE, ANALYSIS statement, fully under	tances that form the setting for event, , or idea, and in terms of which it can be erstood and assessed.
			ΓΡΥΟΝΙΑΡ ΑΠΟΤΑΤΙΟΝ Ε ΟΥ ΕΝΡΕΙΤΙΕ ΡΝΙΑΡΝΙΡ ΤΟ ΕΠΙΝΝΟΥΤ'	given personally, paraphrased from a in direct quotation used to establish facts.
				amination of the elements or structure of as a basis for discussion or interpretation.
	MATTER?		T—THESIS CONNECTION	
			(Link your quotation / evidence to your thesis statement)	
			O—OFFER MORE SUPPORT	
			(Repeat Context, Evidence, Analysis at least two more times)	
			R—RECAP / Transition Statement	
			(Conclude your paragraph by transitioning to the next)	
<i>∅.</i>	SAY?		T—THESIS RECAP	
tte		CONCLUDING PARAGRAPH	(Reiterate your thesis by consider rewording to make it more directing)	
My does it matter?	Mean?		A—ARGUMENT RECAP	
			(Summarize the essential elements of your argument) R—RELATE THE IDEAS OF THE TEXT TO THE LARGER	
			WORLD-CONTEXT	
			(Broaden the theme by connecting it to a universal understanding; something that will incite change not only in the text but the readers)	
	MATTER?	Ö	G.E.T.—GET EVERYONE THINKING	
			(End with an insightful, observant, perceptive remark)	

POINT = to direct someone's attention to the position or path of something.

VECTOR = a quantity having direction as well as magnitude, esp. as determining the position of one point in space relative to another.

TARGET = a person, object, or place selected as the aim of an attack.

CRITICAL ANALYTICAL RESPONSE TO LITERATURE: TRICKS & PITFALLS

	THINGS TO DO	THINGS TO AVOID
INTRODUCTORY PARAGRAPH		
BODY PARAGRAPH(S)		
CONCLUDING PARAGRAPH		

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